## TRAVELING-WAVE MEMBRANE PHOTOMIXERS

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## **Abstract**

Traveling-wave photomixers<sup>1</sup> have superior performance when compared with lumped area photomixers<sup>2</sup> in the 1 to 3 THz frequency range. Their large active area and distributed gain mechanism assure high thermal damage threshold and elimination of the capacitive frequency roll-off. However, the losses experienced by the RF wave traveling along the coplanar strips waveguide (due to underlying semi-infinite GaAs substrate) were a serious drawback. In this paper we present device designs and an experimental setup that make possible the realization of membrane photomixers.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>S. Matsuura, G.A. Blake, R.A. Wyss, J.C. Pearson, C. Kadow, A.W. Jackson, and A.C. Gossard, "A traveling-wave THz photomixer based on angle-tuned phase matching", *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **74**, 2872 (1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>S. Verghese, K.A. McIntosh, and E.R. Brown, "Optical and terahertz power limits in the low-temperature-grown GaAs photomixers", *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **71**, 2743 (1997).